

**PROPOSED RULES: PRIVATE BUSINESS AND VOCATIONAL SCHOOLS**

**Submitted for:** Action.

**Summary:** This item seeks Board approval of the proposed rules to administer the Private Business and Vocational Schools Act of 2012 (P.A. 97-650). This Act transferred the oversight of the private business and vocational schools from the Illinois State Board of Education (ISBE) to the Board of Higher Education (IBHE) on February 1, 2012. In addition, the new law amended the existing regulatory program.

The proposed rules will be filed as emergency rules due to the short time frame for implementation. The General Assembly passed Senate Bill 1795, the Private Business and Vocational Schools Act of 2012, on November 9, 2011. Governor Quinn approved the law on December 30, 2011, and the law went into effect on February 1, 2012.

Board approval of the emergency rules is required before the rules become effective. Emergency rules are filed with the Secretary of State for publication in the *Illinois Register*. The emergency rules will become effective immediately, and will be effective for 150 days pursuant to the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act (5 ILCS 100). A second set of proposed rules will be submitted to the Board for approval prior to the expiration of the emergency rules. It is anticipated that a second set of rules will be proposed for Board approval at the April 10, 2012 meeting.

**Action Requested:** That the Board approve the proposed rules for administration of the Private Business and Vocational Schools (23 Ill. Adm. Code 1095) to be filed with the Secretary of State for publication in the *Illinois Register*.



STATE OF ILLINOIS  
BOARD OF HIGHER EDUCATION

**PROPOSED RULES: PRIVATE BUSINESS AND VOCATIONAL SCHOOLS**

This item seeks Board approval of the proposed rules to administer the Private Business and Vocational Schools Act of 2012 (P.A. 97-650). This Act transferred the oversight of the private business and vocational schools from the Illinois State Board of Education (ISBE) to the Illinois Board of Higher Education (IBHE) on February 1, 2012. Pursuant to the Act, schools granted approval by ISBE prior to the transfer date will retain approval to operate through June 30, 2012.

The Act of 2012 includes the basic tenets of the original Private Business and Vocational Schools Act. The purpose is “to provide for the protection, education, and welfare of the citizens of this State; to provide for the education, protection, and welfare of the students of its private business and vocational schools; and to facilitate and promote quality education and responsible, ethical, business practices in each of the private business and vocational schools enrolling students in this State.” (Section 5 of the P.A. 97-650)

The private business and vocation schools retain the same basic definition in the Act of 2012. In general, a private business and vocational school offers courses of instruction for which tuition is charged to prepare students to follow a trade, pursue training for an occupation, and to improve skills and abilities relative to a career or occupation. State review and approval prior to operating a private business and vocational school are still required. Upon meeting the criteria for a permit of approval, the school is issued a 5-year permit and agrees to submit annual renewal applications during the term of the permit. At the end of the five years, the school will submit an updated application for approval.

Private business and vocational schools, once approved, are authorized to award certificates of completion in one or more programs of study consistent with the agreed upon approval of the school. A certificate signifies the graduate has satisfactorily completed a program of study that is beyond the secondary school level, but is not a postsecondary degree program. According to the records provided by ISBE, Illinois has approximately 300 private business and vocational schools with enrollments that range from less than 50 students to more than 2,600 per school.

Once the proposed rules are approved by the IBHE, the proposed rules will be filed with the Secretary of State for publication in the *Illinois Register*. The proposed rules will be filed as emergency rules to provide an immediate effective date. Emergency rules are necessary to begin implementation since this program was transferred from ISBE to IBHE on February 1, 2012.

A second set of proposed rules is necessary since the emergency rules will expire 150 days after the effective date. It is anticipated that a second set of proposed rules will be presented for approval at the April 10, 2012 meeting. These rules will be similar to the emergency rules but

will incorporate any lessons learned during the first two months of implementing the Private Business and Vocational Schools Act of 2012.

**Staff Recommendation**

The staff recommends the adoption of the following resolution:

*The Illinois Board of Higher Education hereby approves the proposed rules for the Private Business and Vocational Schools (23 Ill. Adm. Code 1095) as detailed in this item, for publication in the Illinois Register.*

TITLE 23: EDUCATION AND CULTURAL RESOURCES  
SUBTITLE A: EDUCATION  
CHAPTER II: BOARD OF HIGHER EDUCATION

PART 1095  
PRIVATE BUSINESS AND VOCATIONAL SCHOOLS

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AUTHORITY: Implementing and authorized by Private Business and Vocational Schools Act of 2012 [Public Act 97-650].

SOURCE: Emergency rules adopted at 36 Ill. Reg. \_\_\_\_\_, effective February 7, 2012, for a maximum of 150 days.

SUBPART A: SCHOOL APPROVAL

**Section 1095.10 Introduction**

The State of Illinois recognizes the importance and significant public contributions of private schools offering occupational training to its citizens. Effective February 1, 2012, the General Assembly has delegated responsibility for rulemaking and for approving and monitoring these schools to the Board of Higher Education pursuant to the Private Business and Vocational Schools Act of 2012 [Public Act 97-650], hereinafter referred to as the Act. The Act provides for

the establishment of rules and standards that schools and individuals must meet prior to the issuance of original permits of approval and the renewal of such permits.

### **Section 1095.20 Institutions Required to Receive Approval**

*No person or groups of persons subject to this Act and Part may establish and operate or be permitted to become incorporated for the purpose of operating a private business and vocational school without obtaining from the Board a permit of approval, provided that a permit of approval is not required for a program that is devoted entirely to religion or theology or a program offered by an institution operating under the authority of the Private College Act, the Academic Degree Act, or the Board of Higher Education Act (Section 20 of the Act).*

“Private business and vocational school” or “school” means:

- a) *An educational institution privately owned or operated by a person, partnership, corporation, or other entity offering courses of instruction for which tuition is charged, whether such courses of instruction are offered on site, through correspondence, by distance education, or by other methods, to prepare individuals to do any of the following:*
  - 1) *To follow a trade or artistic occupation.*
  - 2) *To pursue a manual, mechanical, technical, industrial, business, commercial, office, personal service (other than nursing), or other non-professional occupation.*
  - 3) *To follow a profession, if the profession is not subject to licensing or registration under any existing State statute requiring the licensing or registration of persons practicing such profession or if the school is not subject to the regulation of the agency with such licensing or registration authority.*
  - 4) *To improve, enhance, or add to the skills and abilities of the individual relative to occupational responsibilities or career opportunities (Section 15 of the Act).*
- b) A school which has not provided instruction in any approval year and desires to resume operations in Illinois. Such school shall file a permit of approval application and pay the permit of approval application fee.
- c) A new or additional non-degree program of study. Such new or additional non-degree program must be approved by the Board as well.
- d) The following are exempted from approval:
  - 1) *Any institution devoted entirely to the teaching of religion or theology (Section 30 of the Act).*
  - 2) *Any in-service program of study and subject offered by an employer, provided that no tuition is charged and the instruction is offered only to employees of the employer (Section 30 of the Act).*

- 3) *Any educational institution that*
  - A) *Enrolls a majority of its students in degree programs and has maintained an accredited status with a regional accrediting agency that is recognized by the U.S. Department of Education or*
  - B) *Enrolls students in one or more bachelor-level programs, enrolls a majority of its students in degree programs, and is accredited by a national or regional accrediting agency that is recognized by the U.S. Department of Education or that*
    - i) *Is regulated by the Board under the Private College Act or the Academic Degree Act or is exempt from such regulation under either the Private College Act or the Academic Degree Act solely for the reason that the educational institution was in operation on the effective date of either the Private College Act or the Academic Degree Act or*
    - ii) *Is regulated by the State Board of Education (Section 30 of the Act).*
- 4) *Any institution and the franchisees of that institution that exclusively offer a program of study in income tax theory or return preparation at a total contract price of no more than \$400, provided that the total annual enrollment of the institution for all such courses of instruction exceeds 500 students and further provided that the total contract price for all instruction offered to a student in any one calendar year does not exceed \$3,000 (Section 30 of the Act).*
- 5) *Any person or organization selling mediated instruction products through a media, such as tapes, compact discs, digital video discs, or similar media, so long as the instruction is not intended to result in the acquisition of training for a specific employment field, is not intended to meet a qualification for licensure or certification in an employment field, or is not intended to provide credit that can be applied toward a certificate or degree program (Section 30 of the Act).*
- 6) *Any person, group of persons, partnership or corporation that is located outside of the State of Illinois that is or contemplates offering instruction in Illinois above the high school level is not required to obtain a permit of approval if the institution has no physical presence or a limited physical presence in the State. In determining whether an institution has a physical presence, the Board shall require all of the following:*
  - A) *Evidence of authorization to operate in at least one other state and that the school is in good standing with that state's authorizing agency (Section 30 of the Act); and*

- B) Evidence of accreditation by a body recognized by the U.S. Department of Education and/or the Council for Higher Education Accreditation; and
  - C) *Evidence that the school has a means of receiving and addressing student complaints in compliance with any federal or state requirements (Section 30 of the Act); and*
  - D) *Evidence that the institution is providing no instruction in this State (Section 30 of the Act); and*
  - E) *Evidence that the institution is not providing core academic support services, including, but not limited to, admissions, evaluation, assessment, registration, financial aid, academic scheduling, and faculty hiring and support in this State (Section 30 of the Act); and*
  - F) Evidence that the institution does not maintain a physical facility in Illinois.
- 7) An approved school that wants to add a course to an approved program of study when the addition has a direct relationship to the existing program and does not result in a significant change in curriculum, objectives, or resources for the program.

### **Section 1095.30 Definitions**

"Ability to benefit" means a standard for admission by which a student who does not possess a high school diploma or GED has demonstrated that he or she can profit materially or personally from a certain course of study through passage of an ability to benefit test that has been approved by the U.S. Department of Education and administered in compliance with U.S. Department of Education guidelines related to ability to benefit test policies and procedures outlined in federal financial aid regulations. [See 34 CFR 668.145 and 668.152.]

"Act" means the Private Business and Vocational Schools Act of 2012 [Public Act 97-650].

*"Board" means the Board of Higher Education established under the Board of Higher Education Act or its Division of Public Business and Vocational Schools (Section 15 of the Act). In those cases in which the term is used to refer to prior approval or lack of prior approval for a school application prior to February 1, 2012, the term "Board" shall mean the State Board of Education or State Superintendent of Education.*

*"Certificate of completion" or "certificate" means any designation, appellation, series of letters or words, or other symbol that signifies or purports to signify that the recipient thereof has satisfactorily completed a private business and vocational school's program of study that is beyond the secondary school level, but not a post-secondary degree program at the associate, baccalaureate,*

*master's, doctoral, or post-baccalaureate, professional degree level (Section 15 of the Act).*

*"Chief managing employee" is the individual who is the head administrator or supervisor at a school's principal location (Section 15 of the Act).*

“Classroom extension” means the school has existing approval or is seeking additional Board approval to offer an existing program of study at a location other than the school’s principal location.

*"Educational institution" or "institution" means an organization that promotes business and vocational education, even though the institution's principal effort may not be exclusively educational in nature.*

*"Enrollment agreement" means any agreement or instrument, however named, that creates or evidences an obligation binding a student to purchase a program of study from a school (Section 15 of the Act).*

"Faculty" means any individual or group of individuals who are qualified by education and experience to give expert instruction and evaluation in their specialties, to supervise curricular experiences, and to evaluate learning for credit.

“Institution size” means the total number of students enrolled in the school during a fiscal year (i.e., July 1<sup>st</sup> to June 30<sup>th</sup> of the following year) in a non-degree program of study.

"Mediated instruction" means, for the purposes of this Part, the delivery of instruction from a distance facilitated by technology, such as via teleconferencing, video-conferencing, or internet.

*"Non-degree program of study" or "program of study" means any designation, appellation, series of letters or words, or other symbol that signifies or purports to signify that the recipient has satisfactorily completed an organized academic program of study beyond the secondary school level, such as a certificate, but below the associate's degree level and that does not include any recognized degree program such as an associate's, baccalaureate, master's, or doctoral degree, a post-baccalaureate, professional degree, or a post-degree certificate, such as a post-baccalaureate certificate, post-master's certificate, or post-doctoral certificate (Section 15 of the Act).*

"Out-of-state school" means an institution described in this Part that is not otherwise exempted from approval and meets one of the following:

Private corporation, limited liability company, or other entity that is initially incorporated or organized under domestic laws other than the laws of this State, if required, and initially operated outside the State; or

Not-for-profit corporation, limited liability company, or other entity that maintains its primary place of business or home office outside this State.

*"Program of study" as used in this definition means any academic program beyond the secondary school level, except for a program that is devoted entirely to religion or theology, a program offered by an institution operating under the authority of the Private College Act, the Academic Degree Act, or the Board of Higher Education Act, or a program of study of less than one year in length operating under the statutory authority granted to the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation (Section 15 of the Act) .*

*"Permit of approval" means a non-transferable permit, issued by and pursuant to the authority of the Board of Higher Education through its Division of Private Business and Vocational Schools to a private business and vocational school in the name of the school, that authorizes the school to solicit students and to offer and maintain one or more courses of instruction in compliance with the provisions of this Act and such standards and rules as may be adopted by the Board (Section 15 of the Act).*

“Tuition” means, solely for the purposes of this Part, the total student cost of the course of instruction and all other fees for services and facilities furnished or made available to the student by or through the school in connection with the student’s matriculation and study and completion of a non-degree program of study, including all charges made by the school for tuition, room and board, books, materials, supplies, laboratory, shop and studio fees, and other expenses.

“Unearned prepaid tuition” means the amount paid to the school by a student or on behalf of a student for which educational services have not yet been rendered. For example, a student pays a school the total amount of \$500 dollars prior to the first day of class. In this scenario, the school initially holds \$500 in unearned prepaid tuition from that student. After 10% of the course is completed, the school will hold \$450 in unearned prepaid tuition from that student. After 20% of the course is completed, the school will hold \$400 in unearned prepaid tuition from that student and so on.

#### **Section 1095.40 Criteria for Evaluation of the Application for a Permit of Approval**

The Board shall approve all schools described in Sections 1095.20(a) and (b) that are not otherwise exempted in Section 1095.20(d). *The following standard criteria are intended to measure the appropriateness of the stated educational objectives of the educational programs of a given institution and the extent to which suitable and proper processes have been developed for meeting those objectives. Information related to the satisfaction of the approval criteria outlined in this Section and this Part must be supplied to the Board by institutions on forms provided by the Board. Additional information may be requested by the Board to determine the institution's ability to satisfy the criteria (Section 35 of the Act).*

- a) *Qualifications of governing board members, owners, and senior administrators. At a minimum, these individuals must be of good moral character and have no felony criminal record (Section 35 of the Act).*
- b) *Qualifications of faculty and staff (Section 35 of the Act).*

- 1) The education, experience and other qualifications of faculty, staff and instructors shall reasonably ensure that the students will receive education consistent with the objectives of the program of study.
  - 2) The faculty, staff and instructors of the school shall be of good professional reputation and character.
  - 3) Schools are required to submit faculty credentials required for teaching a program of study as part of the submission for institution's approval. Faculty do not have to be approved by the Board prior to the start of the instructional period. Individual faculty hires and their appropriate qualification will be submitted by the institution during designated reporting periods and need not be submitted prior to teaching the course. Failure to hire faculty according to the credentials outlined by the institution may be grounds for revocation of the permit of approval.
- c) *Demonstration of student learning and quality of program delivery* (Section 35 of the Act).
- 1) Schools must show the capacity to develop, deliver, and support academic programs. Procedures and policies that will assure the effective design, conduct, and evaluation of the certificate program under the academic control of the school must be developed. Assessment plans must demonstrate that the school has identified clear and appropriate program and student learning goals and must have defined appropriate outcomes. Appropriate data must be collected and may be requested by the Board to show the level of student learning that has occurred as a result of participation in the school's programs of study.
  - 2) Adequate records shall be maintained by the school to show attendance, progress or grades, and consistent standards should be enforced relating to attendance, progress and performance
  - 3) Upon satisfactory completion of the program of study, the student shall be given the appropriate certificate by the institution, indicating that a specifically approved course of instruction or study has been satisfactorily completed by the student.
- d) *Sufficiency of institutional finances* (Section 35 of the Act).
- The school should be financially stable and capable of assuring the revenues needed for meeting stated objectives and fulfilling commitments to students.
- e) *Accuracy, clarity, and appropriateness of program descriptions. Institutional promotional, advertising, and recruiting materials must be clear, appropriate, and accurate* (Section 35 of the Act).
- 1) *Prior to the issuance of a permit of approval by the Board, no person or organization shall advertise a school or any program of study or solicit prospective students unless the person or organization has applied for*

*and received from the Board authorization to conduct such activity. If the Board has authorized such activity, all advertisements or solicitations must reference the Board's approval by stating that the school is approved by the "Division of Private Business and Vocational Schools of the Illinois Board of Higher Education" (Section 65 of the Act).*

- 2) Schools are required to submit information about the recruiting process and the information provided to students as a part of the submission for the school's approval. Individual recruiters do not have to be approved by the Board prior to the start of the employment period. Individual recruiters hired and their appropriate qualifications will be submitted by the institution during designated reporting periods and need not be submitted prior starting employment. The actions of the recruiters are the responsibility of the institution. Failure to adhere to the information about the recruiting process and the information provided to students outlined by the institution in the application process may be grounds for revocation of the permit of approval.
- 3) The Board, at any time, may require that a school furnish proof to the Board of any of its advertising claims. If proof acceptable to the Board cannot be furnished, a retraction of the advertising claims, published in the same manner as the claims themselves, must be published by the institution and continuation of that advertising shall constitute cause for revocation of the institution's permit of approval.
- 4) For schools requiring approval, the objectives for the school and its programs of study must be consistent with what the school name and program titles imply.
  - A) The term "university" shall only be used in the name of an institution of higher education when the institutional structure includes two or more distinct colleges (e.g., College of Business, College of Education, and College of Liberal Arts and Sciences) providing instruction at the baccalaureate and graduate levels, and is involved in public service activities, scholarship and research.
  - B) The term "college" shall only be used to refer to a school providing instruction at the postsecondary level.
  - C) Program names shall adhere to the Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) developed by the National Center for Educational Statistics.
- f) *Sufficiency of facilities and equipment. At a minimum, these must be appropriate and must meet applicable safety code requirements and ordinances (Section 35 of the Act).*
  - 1) The school shall have adequate and suitable space, equipment, and instructional materials to provide education of suitable quality.

- 2) The school shall be maintained and operated in compliance with all pertinent local, State and national ordinances and laws.
- g) *Fair and equitable refund policies. At a minimum, these must be fair and equitable, must satisfy any related State or federal rules, and must abide by the standards established in the Act and this Part (Section 35 of the Act).*
- 1) *The Board shall establish minimum standards for a fair and equitable refund policy that must be applied by all institutions subject to this Act (Section 60 of the Act).*
  - 2) *The same refund policy must be applied to all students even if they are not eligible for federal financial aid (Section 60 of the Act).*
  - 3) *Schools that are accredited by an accrediting body recognized by the U.S. Department of Education and approved to participate in offering Federal Title IV student financial aid may apply the required federal refund policy as long as the same policy is applied to all students even if they are not eligible for federal financial aid (Section 60 of the Act).*
- h) *Appropriate and ethical admissions and recruitment practices. At a minimum, recruiting practices must be ethical and abide by any State or federal rules (Section 35 of the Act).*
- 1) Neither the school nor its agents shall engage in advertising, sales, collection, credit or other practices of any type that are false, deceptive, misleading or unfair.
  - 2) Schools and agents should not
    - A) Use a photograph or other such illustration in public documents, sales literature or otherwise in such a manner as to convey a false impression as to size, importance or location of the institution or equipment and facilities associated with the institution;
    - B) Make a deceptive statement concerning other institutional activities in attempting to enroll students;
    - C) Quote a dollar amount in any advertisement as representative or indicative of the earning potential of graduates;
    - D) State or represent that students will be guaranteed employment while enrolled in the institution or that employment will be guaranteed for students after graduation;
    - E) Misrepresent opportunities for employment upon completion of any program of study;
    - F) State or represent that the programs and/or courses or exams are transferable to another institution without current documentation by an authorized official of the receiving institution.

- i) *Recognized accreditation status. Accreditation with an accrediting body approved by the U.S. Department of Education may be counted as significant evidence of the institution's ability to meet curricular approval criteria (Section 35 of the Act).*
- 1) Any school applying for a permit of approval in the state of Illinois must specify its accreditation status.
  - 2) The school must have the appropriate accreditation if the school offers a program where professional qualification in a field is necessary for a graduate to obtain employment,
  - 3) New institutions without accreditation from an accrediting authority recognized by the U.S. Department of Education or the Council for Higher Education Accreditation shall provide a clearly defined plan to move from candidate to affiliate status. The plan should include the name of the accrediting organization, the basic outline of the accreditation process, and the projected time line for obtaining affiliate status within five years after the date of Board approval, unless the Board waives the original time line because it is found to be an unrealistic expectation.
- j) *Meeting employment requirements in the field of study (Section 35 of the Act).*
- 1) *The institution must clearly demonstrate how a student's completion of the program of study satisfies employment requirements in the occupational field. Such information must be clearly and accurately provided to students (Section 35 of the Act).*
  - 2) *If licensure, certification, or their equivalent is required of program graduates to enter the field of employment, the institution must clearly demonstrate that completion of the program will allow students to achieve this status (Section 35 of the Act).*
- k) *Enrollment agreements that meet the requirements outlined in the Act and this Part (Section 35 of the Act).*
- 1) *A copy of the enrollment agreement must be provided to the Board. Enrollment agreements may be used by schools only if approved by the Board (Section 40 of the Act).*
  - 2) *The Board shall develop a standard enrollment agreement for use by schools approved or seeking approval under the Act and this Part. Schools may create an enrollment agreement that meets the minimum requirements of this Section and this Part, but it must be approved by the Board prior to implementation (Section 40 of the Act).*
  - 3) Enrollment agreements shall include, at a minimum, the following:

- A) *A clear description of costs, refund policies, program information, all disclosures required by this Act (Section 40 of the Act);*
  - B) *The Board's Internet website, the address and phone number of the Board for students to report complaints, and any additional information the Board may require by rule (Section 40 of the Act);*
  - C) *An explanation of all criteria and requirements for retention, progress towards certificate, and graduation of the student;*
  - D) *The institution's tuition, cancellation and refund policies; and*
  - E) *A statement of the purpose and amount of any fees assessed.*
- 4) If the school requires the student to sign an enrollment agreement or a similar type of agreement with a different title, the document must be distributed as follows:
- A) *The student must be given a copy of the enrollment agreement at the time the student signs that agreement and at the time of the agreement's acceptance, if those events occur at different times (Section 40 of the Act).*
  - B) *The school shall retain a signed copy of the fully executed enrollment agreement as a part of the student's permanent record (Section 40 of the Act).*
- 5) *No school may enter into an enrollment agreement wherein the student waives the right to assert against the school or any assignee any claim or defense he or she may have against the school arising under the agreement. Any provisions in an enrollment agreement wherein the student agrees to such a waiver shall be rendered void (Section 40 of the Act).*
- 6) *No school may have an enrollment agreement that requires that a student register for more than a single semester, quarter, term, or other such period of enrollment as a condition of the enrollment nor shall any school charge a student for multiple periods of enrollment prior to completion of the single semester, quarter, term, or other such period of enrollment (Section 35 of the Act).*
- 1) *Clearly communicated tuition and fee charges (Section 35 of the Act).*
- 1) *Tuition and fees and any other expense charged by the school must be appropriate to the expected income that will be earned by graduates (Section 35 of the Act).*
  - 2) *No school may have a tuition policy that requires that a student register for more than a single semester, quarter, term, or other such period of*

*enrollment as a condition of the enrollment nor shall any school charge a student for multiple periods of enrollment prior to completion of the single semester, quarter, term, or other such period of enrollment (Section 35 of the Act).*

- m) *Legal action against the institution, its parent company, its owners, its governing board, or its board members. Any such legal action must be provided to the Board and may be considered as a reason for denial or revocation of the permit of approval (Section 35 of the Act).*
  
- n) The school shall provide a catalog or brochure, either in print or electronically, to each prospective student prior to enrollment. Upon request, the school shall provide a catalog or brochure without gathering personal information from an individual unless such information is volunteered. The catalog or brochure shall contain the following:
  - 1) Descriptions of the programs offered, program objectives, lengths of program and institutional calendars with program start and end dates;
  - 2) Schedule of tuition, fees and all other charges and expenses necessary for completion of the course of study, and cancellation and refund policies;
  - 3) Student success data as required pursuant to Section 37 of the Act and this Part and any data to satisfy Board reporting requirements;
  - 4) A statement of the institution's accreditation status with a U.S. Department of Education recognized accrediting body. If no such accreditation exists, the institution must prominently state this in its advertising and published materials;
  - 5) Statements regarding the transferability of a certificate to other institutions of higher education and the importance of consulting with institutions to which the student may seek to transfer;
  - 6) Evidence of articulation arrangements with institutional counterparts, when these arrangements exist; and
  - 7) Other material facts concerning the institution and the program or course of instruction as are likely to affect the decision of the student to enroll, together with any other information specified by the Board and defined in this Part.

#### **Section 1095.50 Procedures for Obtaining a Permit of Approval**

*Each application required to be filed in accordance with the provisions of this Act and this Part must be accompanied by the required fee under the provisions of this Act and this Part, and all such applications must be made on forms prepared and furnished by the Board (Section 20 of the Act).*

- a) The school representatives shall complete the application supplied by the Board. The application requests information and supporting evidence to demonstrate that the school meets the criteria established.
- b) *If an applicant school has not remedied all deficiencies cited by the Board within 12 months after the date of its original application for a permit of approval, an additional original application fee for the continued cost of investigation of its application is added* (Section 75(6) of the Act).
- c) Following the receipt of the formal application, accompanying documentation, and applicable fee, staff will review and analyze all materials.
- d) If a completed original application is rejected, the Board shall:
  - 1) Issue a written response specifying the reason for the rejection; or
  - 2) Issue a permit of approval only after the reasons for rejecting the application have been removed.
- e) If a school is in disagreement with the Board's findings regarding its original application, it may, within 60 business days of receipt of the application deficiency report, petition the Board in writing for a reexamination of the application. The petition shall include the reasons for disagreement with the findings, and documentation and exhibits supporting the school's contentions of approvability. If, based on the petition and reexamination of the application, the Board finds and issues a report stating that the school still has not fulfilled all requirements for approval, the school may make a written request within 30 business days of receipt of this report for an informal hearing to show why it believes it has satisfied all application requirements. The request will be granted within 30 business days of receipt of that request. If, as a result of the presentation by the applicant, the Executive Director determines that application deficiencies cannot be resolved, the Executive Director shall call for a hearing as provided in Section 85 of the Act, to refuse to issue a Permit of Approval; or if it appears that the school can resolve application deficiencies within the time limitations of subsection (b), the Executive Director shall allow the applicant to continue efforts to remove application deficiencies, subject to the provisions of subsection (b) of this Section.

**Section 1095.60 Criteria for New Programs**

The Board requires that a school demonstrate that it can maintain and operate a new program that meets the standard criteria for those programs. The following standard criteria are designed to measure the appropriateness of the stated educational objectives to the programs of a given school and the extent to which suitable and proper processes have been developed for meeting those objectives:

- a) All criteria defined in Section 1095.40 for evaluating an application for a permit of approval shall apply.
- b) The objectives of the program must be consistent with what the program title implies.

- c) The requested program shall be congruent with the purpose, goals, objectives and mission of the school.
- d) The caliber and content of the curriculum shall assure that the stated objectives for which the program is offered will be achieved.
- e) The school shall have adequate and suitable space, equipment and instructional materials to provide education of suitable quality.
- f) The education, experience and other qualifications of directors, administrators, supervisors and instructors shall ensure that the students will receive education consistent with the objectives of the program.
- g) The information the school provides for students and the public shall accurately describe the programs offered, program objectives, length of program, schedule of tuition, fees, and all other charges and expenses necessary for completion of the course of study, cancellation and refund policies, and such other material facts concerning the school and the program or course of instruction as are likely to affect the decision of the student to enroll. This information, including any enrollment agreements or similar agreements, shall be available to prospective students prior to enrollment.
- h) Fiscal and personnel resources shall be sufficient to permit the school to meet obligations to continuing programs while assuming additional resource responsibilities for the new program.
- i) The faculty, staff and instructors of the school shall be of good professional reputation and character.

**Section 1095.70 Requirements for Technologically Mediated Instruction Offered from a Distance**

In addition to meeting other requirements in Section 1095.60, programs offered through electronically mediated distance learning must, at a minimum, meet the following requirements:

- a) The institution assures adequacy of technical and physical plant facilities, including appropriate staffing and technical assistance, to support its electronically offered programs.
- b) The institution provides students, faculty and staff with effective technical support and training for each educational technology hardware, software and delivery system required in a program. The help desk function is available to students during hours when it is likely to be needed, which shall be, at a minimum, 18 hours a day.
- c) Appropriate measures for security of systems and adequacy of support are maintained. The selection of technologies is based on appropriateness for the students, faculty and curriculum.

- d) Faculty are full participants in decisions regarding curricula and program oversight.
- e) Demonstration of student learning and program outcomes are appropriate to the field and consistent regardless of program delivery method.
- f) Appropriate admission processes, policies and assessments are used to ensure that students are capable of succeeding in an on-line learning environment. Students are adequately informed of the nature and expectations of on-line learning.
- g) Assessments of student learning, especially exams, take place in circumstances that include definite student identification and assurance of the integrity of student work.
- h) Assessment of electronically offered programs by the institution occurs in the context of the regular evaluation of all academic programs.

**Section 1095.80 Procedures for Obtaining Approval to Offer One or More New Certificates**

The Board shall approve all new programs of study in institutions described in Section 1095.20(a) that are not otherwise exempted in Section 1095.20(d). Following is a description of the steps in the approval process:

- a) New Program Request
  - 1) The school requesting permission to offer a new program will complete an application provided by the Board.
  - 2) Information to be provided by the school shall include:
    - A) Program titles and descriptions;
    - B) Program objectives;
    - C) Curriculum;
    - D) Relationship of new programs to existing programs;
    - E) Faculty;
    - F) Recommendation of internal governance bodies;
    - G) Facilities;
    - H) Finances; and
    - I) Program publicity information.
- b) Staff Analysis  
Following receipt of the application, staff will review and analyze the application

and documentation submitted.

- c) **Additional Documentation and Site Visit**  
In the case of a proposed new program for which staff determines it is necessary to verify or supplement the information supplied in the application, the staff may request additional written documentation and/or arrange for a site visit.
- d) **Outside Consultants**  
The Executive Director of the Board, at his or her discretion, may utilize the services of outside consultants to assist the staff in a site visit and in the evaluation of the documentation submitted.
- e) **Staff Report**  
Following the analysis, staff will summarize its findings and develop a recommendation regarding the new program request. This recommendation will be shared with the applicant. This recommendation will be one of the following:
  - 1) That the program be approved to admit students, with the appropriate certificates being awarded upon program completion; or
  - 2) That the approval requested not be granted.
- f) **New Application**  
Any school denied approval to award a new certificate must file a new application in order to be given subsequent consideration for approval.
- g) **Advertising of Programs**
  - 1) *Advertisements or solicitations must reference the Board's approval by stating that the school is approved by the "Division of Private Business and Vocational Schools of the Illinois Board of Higher Education" (Section 65 of the Act).*
  - 2) A school may state that it is approved to award a certificate in the State of Illinois only after that approval has been officially granted and received in writing from the Board.
  - 2) A school shall not advertise or state in any manner that it is "accredited" by the Board to award certificates.
  - 3) No school shall publish or otherwise communicate to prospective students, faculty, staff or the public misleading or erroneous information about the certificate-granting status of a given school

### **Section 1095.90 Change of Location**

*A school must have approval prior to operating at a location and must make application to the Board for any change of location (Section 20 of the Act).*

- a) A school shall notify the Board at least 30 calendar days in advance of any change of its principal location. It shall file an application on forms provided, pay

the fee specified in Section 1095.120, and secure approval prior to operating at the new location.

- b) Included in the application for change of location shall be the following:
  - 1) The address and telephone number of the new location;
  - 2) Assurance that the site will be operated in accordance with the school's policies and guidelines as previously submitted to the Board;
  - 3) Inventories of instructional equipment if different from those previously submitted to the Board;
  - 4) Floor and training ground plans showing space is available for the school to deliver programs in accordance with this Part;
  - 5) Certificate of liability coverage or a rider indicating coverage of the new site;
  - 6) Documentation that the new site meets local health and safety requirements (e.g., fire marshal reports, occupancy certificates, public health certificates);
  - 7) Documentation of school surety bond coverage for the site (i.e., the surety bond indicating coverage of the site in the amount required by this Part);
  - 8) A copy of the new or revised catalog or a copy of the supplement to the catalog that gives a description of the new site and its address;
  - 9) The academic calendar for the new location.
- c) A school shall notify the Board when it is prepared for a visit to the site of any changed location of the school, which shall be conducted prior to the Board's issuing of a permit of approval.

### **Section 1095.100 Classroom Extension**

*A school must have approval prior to operating at a location and must make application to the Board for a classroom extension at a new or changed location (Section 20 of the Act).*

- a) A school shall be permitted to provide instructional services at locations other than its principal location only upon filing a separate application for approval of each classroom extension and payment of the application fee specified in this Part. There shall be no instruction conducted at any extension site without the Board's written approval of the site. If instruction has been conducted at the extension site during the previous approval year, the school shall make application for continued approval of the site with its annual renewal application.
- b) The approval year for extensions shall coincide with that of the original application or any renewal applications.

- c) Included in the original application for each extension shall be the following:
- 1) The address and telephone number of the extension site;
  - 2) The name, business address, and telephone number of the site administrators during hours of instruction;
  - 3) Inventories of instructional equipment;
  - 4) Facility plans showing space is available for the school to deliver programs in accordance with Sections 1095.40 and 1095.60;
  - 5) Certificate of liability insurance coverage for the site or a rider to the certificate indicating site coverage;
  - 6) Documentation verifying that the site meets local health and safety requirements (e.g., fire marshal reports, occupancy certificates, public health certificates);
  - 7) Descriptions of the specific courses of instruction to be offered;
  - 8) Projected enrollment figures;
  - 9) Description of the plans and procedures for ensuring supervision during the hours that instruction is being given and students are present;
  - 10) A list of all faculty and the subjects they are assigned to teach;
  - 11) Verification of qualification of faculty and administrators pursuant to requirements in Sections 1095.40 and 1095.60;
  - 12) Indication of surety bond coverage for the site (i.e., the surety bond indicating coverage of the site in the amount required in Section 1095.210);
  - 13) A copy of the new or revised catalog or a copy of the supplement to the catalog which gives information on the extension site;
  - 14) Copies of advertising materials to be used for the extension site.
- d) A school shall have written policies and procedures for the administration and control of its extensions which describe provisions for continuous:
- 1) Supervision and control of activities at the site during its hours of operation;
  - 2) Evaluation of instructional activities at the site.
- e) If an administrator appointed under this Part is not at the site when students are present and instruction is being given, the policies and procedures shall provide

for an administrator to be immediately on call to answer student and faculty questions and give direction for any contingencies which may occur. The school shall furnish students and faculty with the name, address, and telephone number of the extension administrator.

- f) The Board will deny or revoke approval of an extension if it is found that the extension's instructional program is not comparable to that provided at the principal location or other extension sites; or a school has not provided instruction at the extension site during the previous year, unless the school presents the Board with plans for correction of the problem.
- g) A school shall notify the Board at least 5 business days prior to closure of any extension during any approval year.

### **Section 1095.110 Change of Ownership**

*Whenever a change of ownership of a school occurs, an application for a permit of approval for the school under the changed ownership must immediately be filed with the Board. Permits of approval are not transferable (Section 20 of the Act).*

- a) Following a change of ownership the new owner(s) must obtain a permit of approval in order to operate the school.
- b) When a school has a change of ownership that is 50 percent or more of the school's stock or assets, in one or a series of transactions occurring within a three year period, it shall file a permit of approval application within 60 days pursuant to Section 1095.50 with the fee specified in Section 1095.120. The school is in compliance during the 60-day period prior to filing and compliance will continue after the date of filing until the Board makes a final decision.
- c) The Board will review the application for change of ownership and, upon determining that the application is complete and the school is in compliance with the Act and Sections 1095.40 and 1095.50, issue a permit of approval.

### **Section 1095.120 School Application and Renewal Fees**

*Each school and each of the non-degree programs of study offered by the school shall be approved for 5 years, subject to the terms and conditions of approval, including without limitation the submission of required reporting and the payment of required charges and fees under the provisions of Section 75 of this Act and this Part, and compliance with any other requirements in this Act or supporting rules (Section 50 of the Act).*

- a) Fees  
Section 75 of the Act authorizes the Board to set fees. Fees are assessed in connection with school applications for the permit of approval, annual renewal of permit of approval, change of ownership, new program of study, change of location, and classroom extension.
  - 1) Application Fees  
The fees are based on the institution size as outlined in subsection (a)(2).

- A) Permit of approval. This is the initial fee for the application for approval. Schools shall re-apply for the permit every 5 years. See Sections 1095.20 and 1095.40.
  - B) Annual renewal. This fee is paid in each of the 4 years following the issuance of a permit of approval. See Section 1095.200.
  - C) New program of study. This fee is submitted with the application for approval of a new or additional non-degree program of study is requested by an approved school. See Sections 1095.60, 1095.70, 1095.80.
  - D) Change of ownership. This is the fee to submit with an application for a permit of approval whenever there is a change of ownership of an approved school. See Section 1095.110.
  - E) Change of location. This is the fee to submit with the application for a change of location prior to moving the approved school's principal location. See Section 1095.90.
  - F) Classroom extension. This fee is submitted with the application to expand the offering of instructional services at locations other than its principal location. See Section 1095.100.
- 2) Schedule of Fees

	Institution Size			
	< 100 Students	100-399 Students	400-699 Students	> 700 Students
Permit of Approval	\$ 880	\$ 1,760	\$ 3,520	\$ 5,000
Annual Renewal	440	880	1,760	2,500
New Program of Study	280	560	1,120	1,590
Change of Ownership	880	1,760	3,520	5,000
Change of Location	130	260	520	740
Classroom Extension	260	520	1,040	1,480

b) Remittance

- 1) Fees shall be submitted as check, certified check, cashier's check, or money order payable to the Illinois Board of Higher Education.
- 2) The Board shall return fees if, after further investigation, the Board determines that the institution's request does not require Board approval or authorization. No refund shall be awarded for any application that

requires Board approval and has been reviewed by Board staff. Applications withdrawn by the institution shall receive no refund.

- 3) Fees shall be submitted to:

Illinois Board of Higher Education  
Division of Private Business and Vocational Schools  
431 East Adams, Second Floor  
Springfield, Illinois 62701-1404

- c) Processing

- 1) Applications submitted to the Board with insufficient fees shall be considered incomplete. The Board will notify the institution of the amount due. No further action shall be taken by the Board until the full amount due is submitted.
- 2) Applications submitted to the Board with incorrect fees shall be considered incomplete. The incorrect fee amount will be returned to the institution. No further action shall be taken by the Board until the full and correct fee amount due is submitted.
- 3) *If an applicant school has not remedied all deficiencies cited by the Board within 12 months after the date of its original application for a permit of approval, an additional original application fee for the continued cost of investigation of its application will be charged to the school (Section 75 (6) of the Act).*
- 4) The Board will not accept a new or additional application from an institution that has been unwilling or unresponsive to prior requests for information from the Board, unless the prior application is withdrawn by the applicant.

## **SUBPART B: MAINTENANCE OF APPROVAL**

### **Section 1095.200 Annual Renewal**

*Information requested by the Board must be submitted annually or, in special circumstances, at the request of the Board. Failure to do so is grounds for immediate revocation of the permit of approval. Each non-degree program of study must be approved by the Board as well. Regardless of when the program was approved, all programs of study must be approved again with the institutional approval at the end of the 5-year approval period or in conjunction with an earlier review if so required under this Act or this Part. The Board's Executive Director has the authority to order any school subject to this Act to cease and desist operations if the school is found to have acted contrary to the standards set forth in this Act or this Part (Section 50 of the Act).*

- a) A school shall submit a renewal application each year for the 4 years following the issuance of a permit of approval by the Board. An application for the permit of approval is required in the last year of the 5-year period.

- b) The fees for the applications are set forth in Section 1095.120.
- c) The Board shall provide the forms to update the information previously submitted by the school and which call for information that has not been reported by the school since the filing of the application for the prior permit of approval.
- d) The information shall include
  - 1) *An alphabetical list of student names, addresses, and dates of admission by course or course of instruction and a sample copy of each type of enrollment agreement employed to enroll the students listed shall be filed with the Board's Executive Director on an annual basis. The list shall be signed and verified by the school's chief managing employee (Section 37 of the Act).*
  - 2) *Student retention and graduation rates must be maintained that are appropriate to standards in the field. A State licensing examination or professional certification examination passage rate of at least 50% of the average passage rate for schools within the industry for any State licensing examination or professional certification examination must be maintained. In the event that the school fails to meet the minimum standards, then that school shall be placed on probation for one year. If that school's passage rate in its next reporting period does not exceed 50% of the average passage rate of that class of school as a whole, then the Board shall revoke the school's approval for that program to operate in this State. Such revocation also shall be grounds for reviewing the institution's approval to operate. (Section 55 of the Act).*

**Section 1095.210 Surety Bond**

Each school shall provide evidence to the Board of a surety bond to protect the interests of the students. *The amount of the bond must be sufficient to provide for the repayment of full tuition to all students enrolled at the institution in the event of closure of the institution. Evidence of the continuation of the bond must be filed annually with the Board (Section 55 of the Act).*

- a) A school shall supply the Board with a copy of a fully executed, continuous surety bond written by a company authorized to do business in Illinois in an amount sufficient to provide cumulative unearned prepaid tuition for the Illinois students enrolled at any one time. The amount shall be no less than \$10,000.
- b) The school shall submit its projection of greatest amount of unearned prepaid tuition with its initial application for a certificate and the actual amount, based upon the record of the previous fiscal year, with each succeeding application.
- c) Should the Board determine after applying the provisions of this Section that the school must increase the amount of bond coverage, the school shall file a bond rider acknowledging increased coverage within 30 calendar days of receipt of the Board's notice requiring such increase.

- d) In the event of cancellation of the bond by a bonding company, the school shall furnish a fully executed replacement bond to the Board within 30 calendar days of the Board's receipt of the notice of cancellation.
- e) The bonding company shall on the Board's request provide reasons for bond termination within 30 calendar days of the Board's receipt of notice of such termination.
- f) Termination of the school's surety bond coverage shall be grounds for revocation of its permit of approval.
- g) When the school provides instruction at extensions, the surety bond or riders attached thereto shall indicate coverage for all Illinois students at all sites where instruction is or will be given.

**Section 1095.220 Liability Insurance**

A school shall maintain continuous liability insurance from a company authorized to do business in Illinois for the protection of the school's students and employees *at the school's places of business and at all classroom extensions, including any work-experience locations* (Section 55 of the Act).

- a) The liability insurance policy shall specify limits of liability of not less than \$100,000 per person and \$300,000 per occurrence for bodily injury liability and not less than \$50,000 per occurrence for property damage liability; and
- b) The insurance policy shall include coverage for off-campus learning experiences such as student commercial employment as a part of the instructional program, internships/externships, cooperative education, and experiential learning activities; unless the school furnishes the Board a certificate of insurance evidencing such coverage is being provided by the employer or other person responsible for the off-campus learning experience.
- c) The school shall furnish the Board with a certificate of insurance which indicates compliance with the minimum amounts of liability insurance required by this Section.
  - 1) The insurance policy shall provide that the company issuing the policy must give written notice to the Board at least 30 days prior to the effective date of a cancellation.
  - 2) If the certificate does not so indicate, the insurer shall provide riders verifying coverage at all sites where instruction is being or will be given to Illinois students.

**Section 1095.230 Lack of Compliance**

*A school shall permit the Board's Executive Director or his or her designees to inspect the school or classes thereof from time to time with or without notice and to make available to the Board's Executive Director or his or her designees, at any time when required to do so, information,*

*including, financial information, pertaining to the activities of the school required for the administration of the Act and this Part (Section 55 (8) of the Act).*

- a) The staff of the Board shall initiate an investigation upon receipt of a verified written complaint and may initiate an investigation in response to oral or written information concerning any of the following:
  - 1) Alleged violation of any of the conditions governing issuance of the permit of approval;
  - 2) Alleged failure to comply with this Part;
  - 3) Alleged fraudulent conduct on the part of any person operating the institution or of any person, acting within the scope of his/her employment by the institution, on account of which any student ever enrolled in the institution has been injured or has suffered financial loss;
  - 4) Loss, suspension, probation or similar adverse action taken by an accrediting body with which the institution is or was affiliated;
  - 5) Actions of federal or state regulatory agencies or Offices of Attorneys General, Offices of Inspectors General, or similar bodies that affect an institution's status with those bodies.
- b) Whenever an inspection or other information reveals lack of compliance with the Act or this Part, the Board shall send the school a report of deficiencies. The school shall have 10 business days to respond to the report of deficiencies and report on actions that have been taken to correct these deficiencies.

#### **Section 1095.240 Disclosures**

*All schools shall make, at a minimum, the disclosures required under this Section and this Part clearly and conspicuously on their Internet websites. The disclosure shall consist of a statement containing the following information for the most recent 12-month reporting period of July 1 through June 30 (Section 37 of the Act):*

- a) For each program of study, report
  - 1) The number of students who were admitted in the program as of July 1 of that reporting period.
  - 2) The number of additional students who were admitted in the program during the next 12 months and classified in one of the following categories:
    - A) New starts;
    - B) Re-enrollments; and
    - C) Transfers into the program from other programs at the school.

- 3) The total number of students admitted in the program during the 12-month reporting period (the number of students reported under subsection (1) plus the total number of students reported under subsection (2)).
  - 4) The number of students enrolled in the program during the 12-month reporting period who
    - A) Transferred out of the program and into another program at the school;
    - B) Completed or graduated from a program;
    - C) Withdrew from the school;
    - D) Are still enrolled.
  - 5) The number of students enrolled in the program who were:
    - A) Placed in their field of study;
    - B) Placed in a related field;
    - C) Placed out of the field;
    - D) Not available for placement due to personal reasons;
    - E) Not employed.
- b) *The number of students who took a State licensing examination or professional certification examination, if any, during the reporting period, as well as the number who passed (Section 37 of the Act).*
  - c) *The number of graduates who obtained employment in the field who did not use the school's placement assistance during the reporting period; such information may be compiled by reasonable efforts of the school to contact graduates by written correspondence (Section 37 of the Act).*
  - d) *The average starting salary for all school graduates employed during the reporting period; such information may be compiled by reasonable efforts of the school to contact graduates by written correspondence (Section 37 of the Act).*
  - e) *The following clear and conspicuous caption, set forth with the address and telephone number of the Board's office: "COMPLAINTS AGAINST THIS SCHOOL MAY BE REGISTERED WITH THE BOARD OF HIGHER EDUCATION" (Section 37 of the Act). See Section 1095.250.*

### **Section 1095.250 Student Complaints**

Schools approved by the Board must provide to the Board and each student the school's policy for addressing student complaints. Included in this process, the school must provide in its

*promotional materials and on its Internet website the Board's address and Internet website for reporting complaints (Section 55 (2) of the Act).*

- a) *Student complaints must be submitted in writing to the Board (Section 85 (i)(1) of the Act).*
  - 1) The Board will provide forms that may be used to submit a complaint. Information about the complaint may be submitted online through the IBHE website ([www.ibhe.org](http://www.ibhe.org)). Signed forms should be sent to the Board at:  
  
Illinois Board of Higher Education  
Division of Private Business and Vocational Schools  
431 East Adams, Second Floor  
Springfield, Illinois 62701-1404  
  
Fax Number: (217) 782-8548
  - 2) Verbal instructions on how to submit a student complaint are available by calling the Board at (217) 782-2551.
- b) *Board staff shall contact the school about the complaint by registered mail or other appropriate notification. The school has 10 business days to respond to the Board about the complaint. The Board shall provide a resolution determination to the school. The school may request a hearing about the proposed resolution within 10 business days after the delivery of the complaint by registered mail or other appropriate notification. If the school does not abide by the resolution determination, then the Board can issue a cease and desist order to the school. If the school does not comply with the cease and desist order, then the Board may revoke the school's permit of approval (Section 85(i)(2) of the Act).*
- c) *The complaint may be forwarded to the institution's accrediting body (Section 85(i)(3) of the Act).*
- d) *The Board shall annually issue a public report about the complaints received. At a minimum, the report shall include the institution, the nature of the complaint, and the current resolution status of the complaint. No individual student shall be named in the report (Section 85(i)(4) of the Act).*

#### **Section 1095.260 Cease and Desist Orders**

*The Board's Executive Director has the authority to order any school subject to this Act to cease and desist operations if the school is found to have acted contrary to the standards set forth in this Act and this Part (Section 85 of the Act).*

- a) On receipt of a cease and desist order the school shall immediately cease and desist from all sales, advertising, marketing and enrollment activities. It shall report to the Board in writing within 15 days on actions which will be taken to correct the deficiencies cited. The report shall include the dates for completion of corrective activities.

- b) The Board shall notify the school in writing immediately when conditions relating to issuance of the order have been rectified and the school is again eligible to resume its normal sales, advertising, marketing and enrollment functions.
- c) If deficiencies noted by the Board are not corrected within 30 days following the school's receipt of the report, the Board shall proceed to a hearing to show why the school's permit of approval should not be placed on probation, suspended or revoked.

### **Section 1095.270 School Closing and Student Transcripts**

- a) **Notice Required**  
A school which is closing, either voluntarily or involuntarily, shall send to the Board the following:
  - 1) Notice of the closure immediately by certified mail;
  - 2) Provide the name, address, and telephone number of the person who will be responsible for closing arrangements;
  - 3) Provide the name, address, and telephone number and the name of the course of instruction for each student who has not completed his or her course of instruction;
  - 4) Provide information on the amount of class time left for each student to complete the course with the amount of refund, if any, for which each student is eligible;
  - 5) Furnish copies of the written notice being mailed to all enrolled students explaining the procedures they are to follow to secure refunds or to continue their education; and
  - 6) Return its permit of approval immediately by mail upon cessation of instruction or termination of approved status.
- b) **Teach-Out Plan**  
*When a postsecondary educational institution now or hereafter operating in this State proposes to discontinue its operation, such institution shall cause to be created a teach-out plan acceptable to the Board, which shall fulfill the school's educational obligations to its students. Should the school fail to deliver or act on the teach-out plan, the Board is in no way responsible for providing the teach-out (Section 70 of the Act).*
  - 1) A school shall have written plans designed to protect the contractual rights of its students and graduates in the event the school closes or undergoes a change of status (e.g., if the school changes location or if its permit of approval is revoked), including the right to complete the course of instruction in which they enrolled.

- 2) If students are receiving instruction prior to the school's closing, the school shall file a plan including the information described in subsection (b)(2)(A) with the Board to ensure that the school's students will continue to receive training of the same quality and content as that for which they contracted, as indicated in subsection (b)(2)(B).
  - A) Arrangements for transferring students to a public or another approved private school shall be filed with the Board prior to any student transfer.
  - B) Prior to approving the school's arrangements for completing its teaching obligations to students, the Board shall verify that students transferring will receive the same kind of program and instructional services as those for which they contracted.
- c) Academic Records

*In the event a school proposes to discontinue its operations, the chief administrative officer of the school shall cause to be filed with the Board the original or legible true copies of all such academic records of the institution as may be specified by the Board (Section 70 of the Act).*

  - 1) *These records shall include, at a minimum, the academic records of each former student that is traditionally provided on an academic transcript, such as, but not limited to, courses taken, terms, grades, and other such information (Section 70 of the Act).*
  - 2) *In the event it appears to the Board that any such records of an institution discontinuing its operations is in danger of being lost, hidden, destroyed, or otherwise made unavailable to the Board, the Board may seize and take possession of the records, on its own motion and without order of court (Section 70 of the Act).*
  - 3) *The Board shall maintain or cause to be maintained a permanent file of such records coming into its possession (Section 70 of the Act).*
  - 4) *As an alternative to the deposit of such records with the Board, the institution may propose to the Board a plan for permanent retention of the records that may include the transfer of records to a similar institution. The plan must be put into effect only with the approval of the Board (Section 70 of the Act).*
- d) Refund Requirements
  - 1) The school shall refund all tuition, fees, and other charges if the Board, in any situation in which students are receiving instruction prior to a school's closing, determines that
    - A) The school has not fulfilled its contractual obligations, or
    - B) A student has reasonable objections to transfer resulting from the closing

- 2) *The school and its designated surety bonding company are responsible for the return to students of all prepaid, unearned tuition. As identified in Section 55 of this Act, the surety bond must be a written agreement that provides for monetary compensation in the event that the school fails to fulfill its obligations. The surety bonding company shall guarantee the return to the school's students and their parents, guardians, or sponsors of all prepaid, unearned tuition in the event of school closure. Should the school or its surety bonding company fail to deliver or act to fulfill the obligation, the Board is in no way responsible for the repayment or any related damages or claims (Section 70 of the Act).*

See Section 1095.210 for requirements of the surety bond.

e) Transcript Requests

- 1) The Board is the custodian of records for student transcripts from closed private business and vocational schools who have turned over their student records to the Board.
- 2) The Board shall maintain a list of the private business and vocational schools that have closed and will publish the list on the Board website ([www.ibhe.org](http://www.ibhe.org)).
- 3) A student who attended a Board-approved school that has since closed shall use the transcript request form and procedure developed by the Board along with the applicable fees.
- 4) The fee for a student transcript is \$10.00 per copy and shall be submitted as check, certified check, cashier's check, or money order payable to the Illinois Board of Higher Education.
- 5) Fees shall be submitted to:

Illinois Board of Higher Education  
Division of Private Business and Vocational Schools  
431 East Adams, Second Floor  
Springfield, Illinois 62701-1404