

IBHE FIRST LOOK - FALL ENROLLMENT 2025-26

Illinois Public Universities
Preliminary Report: November 2025

Highlights

- Overall Enrollment Growth: Total enrollment increased by 2.3% (+4,214 students) to 189,791 the highest number since 2015. This growth was driven entirely by undergraduates, as graduate/professional enrollment saw a slight decline.
- **Strong Undergraduate Increase:** The undergraduate population grew by 3.8% (+4,859 students). This growth was seen across all student types, including a 6.8% increase in first-time, full-time freshmen, a 6.5% increase in new full-time transfers, and a significant 18.1% jump in dual credit/dually enrolled students.
- **Significant Gains for Underrepresented Students:** Enrollment for African American and Latino students saw large increases. Total African American enrollment grew by 9.7% (+2,039 students), and total Latino enrollment grew by 8.3% (+2,491 students).
- **Drop in International Graduate Students:** While undergraduate international enrollment grew by 3.0%, this was overshadowed by a large 14.1% decrease in graduate/professional international students (-2,178 students). This led to an overall 6.5% decline in total international student enrollment.
- Retention Rate Improvement: The overall fall-to-fall retention rate for freshmen improved, rising to 82.7%. Retention gaps for underrepresented students narrowed; the gap between African American (65.1%) and White (87.5%) students closed by 3.0 percentage points, and the gap between Latino (80.0%) and White students closed by 4.0 percentage points.

Overview

The Illinois Board of Higher Education (IBHE) collaborates with Illinois public universities to provide an early look at fall enrollment. Aligned with IBHE's strong focus on equity as described in the 2021 strategic plan for higher education, <u>A Thriving Illinois: Higher Education Paths to Equity, Sustainability, and Growth</u>, this report provides enrollment and retention data by race and ethnicity, as well as information on more nuanced enrollment types, like dual credit and new undergraduate transfers.

Illinois public universities increased the total number of students to 189,791 or up 2.3%. As shown in Figure 1, there were 4,214 more students in the fall of 2025 compared to fall of 2024. Illinois public universities continued a year-over-year undergraduate enrollment increase of 4,859 (3.8%). Graduate and professional enrollment decreased by 1.1%, losing 645 students. This is mainly due to a -14.1% drop in international graduate students (-2,178).

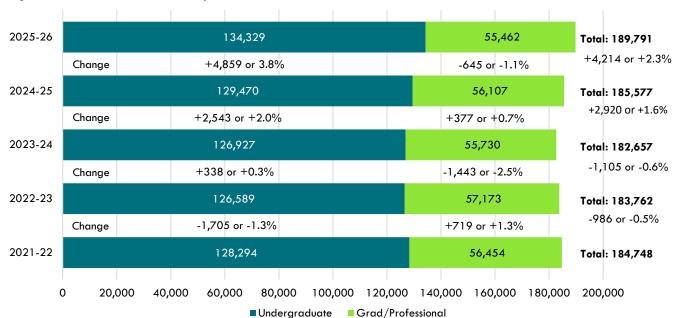


Figure 1. Illinois Public University Headcount Enrollments from Fall of Academic Year 2021-22 to 2025-26

Undergraduate Enrollment. As shown in Table 1, undergraduate enrollment was up 3.8% in the fall of academic year 2025-26. The increase represented 4,859 additional undergraduate students relative to academic year 2024-25.

New first-time, full-time undergraduates (generally freshmen) increased by 6.8% or 1,740 students, which was a larger percentage increase than that of new transfer students (+6.5% or 652 students). There was an 18.1% increase in the number of dual credit/dually enrolled students (+587 students). Continuing undergraduates, the largest category of undergraduate students, increased by 2.1% (+1,786 students).

	2024-25	2025-26	1-Year Change	1-Year % Change
Dual Credit/ Dual Enrollment	3,239	3,826	587	18.1%
First-Time, Full-Time Undergrads	25,425	27,165	1,740	6.8%
New Full-Time Transfers	10,039	10,691	652	6.5%
Continuing Undergraduates	85,699	87,485	1,786	2.1%
New Part-Time Undergraduates	5,068	5,162	94	1.9%
Total	129,470	134,329	4,859	3.8%

Table 1. Undergraduate Enrollment Type for Illinois Public Universities (Headcount)

Graduate and Professional Enrollment. As shown previously in Figure 1, graduate and professional enrollment at Illinois public universities decreased by 1.1%, which represents 645 fewer students. The decrease in graduate and professional levels is a reversal from 2024-25 where there was an increase in enrollment (0.7%).

Institutional Highlights and Detailed Enrollment

Dual Credit/Dual Enrollment. In the fall of 2025-26, ten public universities reported dual credit/dual enrollment students. As shown in Table 2, dual credit enrollment was up by 18.1% (+587 students). This was driven by modest year-over-year growth at Eastern Illinois University (EIU) and large proportional growth at Southern Illinois University Edwardsville (SIUE), which experienced an increase of 478 students from 129 in 2024-25 to 607 in 2025-26. The number of students enrolled in dual credit at the University of Illinois Chicago (UIC) decreased from 50 to 39. Illinois State University (ISU) experienced a decrease from 17 students to 11, and Western Illinois

University (WIU) experienced a decrease from 123 students to 115 students. At nearly 70%, EIU still accounts for the largest proportion (2,673 of 3,826 total) of dual credit enrollment among Illinois public universities.

Table 2. Dual Credit/Dual Enrollment at Illinois Public Universities (Headcount)

	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	1-Year Change	1-Year % Change
CSU	0	0	62	80	110	126	16	14.5%
EIU	2,228	2,275	2,325	2,447	2,597	2,673	76	2.9%
GSU	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0.0%
ISU	16	8	11	7	1 <i>7</i>	11	-6	-35.3%
NEIU	29	12	98	105	169	156	-13	-7.7%
NIU	0	0	0	0	1	0	-1	0.0%
SIUC	2	3	5	7	0	0	0	0.0%
SIUE	0	0	0	95	129	607	478	370.5%
UIC	0	0	16	41	50	39	-11	-22.0%
UIS	11	0	0	0	0	37	37	0.0%
UIUC	91	94	<i>7</i> 1	51	43	61	18	41.9%
WIU	86	126	113	86	123	115	-8	-6.5%
Totals	2,463	2,518	2,701	2,919	3,239	3,826	587	18.1%

First-Time, Full-Time Undergraduates. Fall 2025 marked the fifth consecutive year of growth and the highest recent number of full-time freshmen at Illinois public universities, representing 27,165 new freshmen. This reverses the pandemic low from the fall of academic year 2020-21. The year-over-year growth in freshmen enrollment varied across the Illinois public universities and resulted in the recent high-water mark for freshmen enrollment at several Illinois public universities. The top three universities driving this increase with the largest year-over-year growth in student numbers were: UIC with an increase of 975 freshmen, NIU which added 431, and SIUE, which grew by 270 students. With 4,244 freshmen, ISU experienced a decrease in 2025-26. Northeastern Illinois University (NEIU) grew its freshmen class and experienced an annual increase of 3.8%. Freshmen enrollment at University of Illinois at Urbana Champaign (UIUC) increased 2.2%, to 9,198 students. Southern Illinois University Carbondale (SIUC) enrolled 1,503 new freshmen in 2025-26.

Table 3. First-Time Full-Time Undergraduates (Freshmen) at Illinois Public Universities (Headcount)

	2024-25	2025-26	1-Year Change	1-Year % Change
CSU	135	286	151	111.9%
EIU	784	787	3	0.4%
GSU	243	292	49	20.2%
ISU	4,316	4,244	-72	-1.7%
NEIU	504	523	19	3.8%
NIU	1979	2,410	431	21.8%
SIUC	1,739	1,503	-236	-13.6%
SIUE	1,556	1,826	270	17.4%
UIC	4,356	5,331	975	22.4%
UIS	257	309	52	20.2%
UIUC	9,000	9,198	198	2.2%
WIU	556	456	-100	-18.0%
Totals	25,425	27,165	1,740	6.8%

New Full-Time Transfer Students. New full-time transfer enrollment was up over six percent (+6.5%) from the previous year. Eight of the 12 Illinois public universities experienced year-over-year growth in new transfers. CSU experienced the most growth with an increase of over fifty percent (+50.6%), followed by SIUE with an increase of 20.6%, and NEIU with an increase of 19.6%. UIC also saw measurable increases of 18.7%. NIU, EIU, UIUC, and UIS experienced increases of new transfer students at more modest levels of 7.7%, 5.5%, 4.4%, and 2.5%, respectively.

Table 4. New Full-Time Transfer Students at Illinois Public Universities (Headcount)

	2024-25	2025-26	1-Year Change	1-Year % Change
CSU	160	241	81	50.6%
EIU	380	401	21	5.5%
GSU	354	352	-2	-0.6%
ISU	1,605	1,547	-58	-3.6%
NEIU	424	507	83	19.6%
NIU	1,238	1,333	95	7.7%
SIUC	1,025	894	-131	-12.8%
SIUE	<i>7</i> 61	918	157	20.6%
UIC	1 <i>,77</i> 3	2,104	331	18.7%
UIS	314	322	8	2.5%
UIUC	1,525	1,592	67	4.4%
WIU	480	480	0	0.0%
Totals	10,039	10,691	652	6.5%

Continuing Undergraduate Students For the 2025-26 academic year, there were 1,786 additional continuing undergraduate students (+2.1% year-over-year).

Table 5. Continuing Undergraduate Students at Illinois Public Universities (Headcount)^{1,2}

	2024-25	2025-26	1-Year Change	1-Year % Change
CSU	896	868	-28	-3.1%
EIU	2,948	2,783	-165	-5.6%
GSU	1,850	1,847	-3	-0.2%
ISU	13,432	13,519	87	0.6%
NEIU	2,668	2,680	12	0.4%
NIU	<i>7,</i> 896	8,061	165	2.1%
SIUC	4,481	4,775	294	6.6%
SIUE	6,225	6,379	154	2.5%
UIC	15,371	15,932	561	3.6%
UIS	1,512	1,498	-14	-0.9%
UIUC	25,660	26,612	952	3.7%
WIU	2,760	2,531	-229	-8.3%
Totals	85,699	87,485	1,786	2.1%

¹ The decline in continuing student headcount and retention coincides with expanded transfer opportunities introduced by the NCAA's one-time transfer exception in April 2021.

²Due to the large enrollment decline between Fall 2024 and Fall 2025, WIU has consolidated academic units (from four to two) for efficiency and financial savings.

Graduate and Undergraduate Enrollment Summary As shown in Table 6, total enrollment increased by 2.3%, with a 3.8% increase at the undergraduate level along with a 1.1% decrease in graduate/professional enrollments. Eight of the twelve Illinois public universities experienced undergraduate enrollment growth: CSU (15.0%), SIUE (10.7%), UIC (7.9%), NIU (6.7%), UIUC (3.9%), NEIU (2.5%), GSU (1.6%), and UIS (1.2%).

The largest undergraduate enrollment decreases were demonstrated by WIU (-2.6%) and EIU (-2.5%). Other institutions demonstrated lesser decreases between 0.5% and 1.1%.

At the graduate level, Illinois enrollment decreased by 1.1%. Six of the twelve public universities experienced growth in graduate/professional enrollment compared to Fall 2024-2025. The largest growth was demonstrated by SIUC with a 4.1% increase. CSU, ISU, UIC, NEIU, and UIUC experienced growth between 0.8% and 2.3%.

Table 6. Enrollments and Year to Year Change (Headcount)

	Fall 2023- 24	F	Fall 2024-25			Fall 2025-26			Year to Year % Change		
	Total	Undergrad	Grad	Total	Undergrad	Grad	Total	Undergrad	Grad	Total	
CSU	2,295	1,495	733	2,228	1,719	750	2,469	15.0%	2.3%	10.8%	
EIU	8,804	6,799	1,720	8,519	6,631	1,376	8,007	-2.5%	-20.0%	-6.0%	
GSU	4,338	2,579	1,826	4,405	2,621	1,733	4,354	1.6%	-5.1%	-1.2%	
ISU	20,989	19,597	2,439	22,036	19,500	2,481	21,981	-0.5%	1.7%	-0.2%	
NEIU	5,504	4,197	1,508	5,705	4,302	1,532	5,834	2.5%	1.6%	2.3%	
NIU	15,504	11,350	4,066	15,416	12,111	3,960	16,071	6.7%	-2.6%	4.2%	
SIUC	11,359	8,523	3,237	11,760	8,428	3,369	11,797	-1.1%	4.1%	0.3%	
SIUE	12,045	8,967	2,945	11,912	9,925	2,888	12,813	10.7%	-1.9%	7.6%	
UIC	33,522	22,491	11,411	33,902	24,260	11,609	35,869	7.9%	1.7%	5.8%	
UIS	4,661	2,309	2,319	4,628	2,337	2,027	4,364	1.2%	-12.6%	-5.7%	
UIUC	56,563	37,136	22,098	59,234	38,572	22,276	60,848	3.9%	0.8%	2.7%	
WIU	7,073	4,027	1,805	5,832	3,923	1,461	5,384	-2.6%	-19.1%	-7.7%	
Total	182,657	129,470	56,107	185,577	134,329	55,462	189,791	3.8%	-1.1%	2.3%	

Enrollment Patterns by Race/Ethnicity

Enrollment of African American Students. Overall, African American enrollment increased by 9.7% (+2,039 students) to 23,001 students in 2025-26. Undergraduate enrollment of African American students increased year-over-year by 10.5% (an increase of 1,692 students). See Figure 2. Graduate and professional enrollment of African American students increased by 347 (7.2%) to 5,164 students, continuing the increase from the previous year.

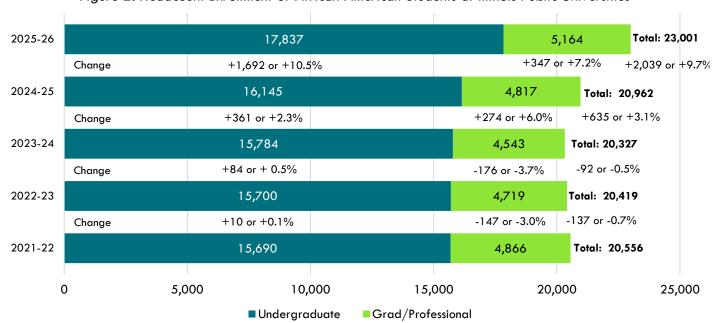


Figure 2. Headcount Enrollment of African American Students at Illinois Public Universities

A breakdown of African American enrollments by each of the public universities can be seen in Table 7. Between academic years 2024-25 and 2025-26, SIUE experienced the largest undergraduate growth with a 37.4% increase, followed by CSU ($\pm 23.8\%$), NEIU ($\pm 22.6\%$), and UIC ($\pm 17.1\%$).

There are 5,164 African American graduate students enrolled in 2025-26, a 7.2% increase. African American graduate data were strengthened by ISU's 20.3% increase followed by SIUC (+16.9%), CSU (+14.3%), and UIC (+11.1%).

Fall 2024-25 Fall 2025-26 Year to Year % Change **Undergrad** Grad **Total Undergrad** Grad Total **Undergrad** Grad Total **CSU** 1,055 398 1,453 1,306 23.8% 14.3% 21.2% 455 1,761 957 879 971 EIU 869 88 92 1.2% 4.5% 1.5% GSU 1,030 523 1,553 1,046 562 1,608 1.6% 7.5% 3.5% 2,598 2,775 9.5% 20.3% ISU 177 2,844 213 3,057 10.2% **NEIU** 483 109 592 592 118 710 22.6% 8.3% 19.9% 2,382 2,712 13.9% NIU 360 2,742 344 3,056 -4.4% 11.5% SIUC 379 1,442 16.9% 2.2% 1,466 1,845 443 1,885 -1.6% SIUE 1,357 298 1,864 324 37.4% 8.7% 32.2% 1,655 2,188 UIC 1,829 1,160 2,989 2,141 1,289 3,430 17.1% 11.1% 14.8% UIS 320 281 601 347 274 621 8.4% -2.5% 3.3% **UIUC** 1,944 904 2,848 2018 944 2,962 3.8% 4.4% 4.0% WIU 812 140 952 646 106 752 -20.4% -24.3% -21.0% Total 16,145 4,817 20,962 17,837 5,164 23,001 10.5% 7.2% 9.7%

Table 7. African American Enrollments and Year to Year (Headcount)

Enrollment of Latino Students As shown in Figure 3, total Latino student enrollment reached a new peak of 32,381, after an increase of 8.3% (+2,491 students). Latino undergraduate enrollment was up by 9.4% or 2,307 additional students, also a new high of 26,844 students.

At the graduate/professional level, enrollment of Latino students increased by 3.4% (+184 students), reflecting the largest graduate enrollment since at least fall of 2021.



Figure 3. Headcount Enrollment of Latino Students at Illinois Public Universities

As shown in Table 8, in academic year 2025-26, EIU experienced the largest percentage increase in Latino undergraduates at 83.8%, followed by SIUE at 22.1%, NIU (+11.5%) and UIC (+10.2%).

Latino undergraduate enrollments decreased at CSU and WIU by -17.6% and -10.3% respectively. NEIU and UIS also showed declines (-5.8% and -3.3%).

Latino total enrollments (undergraduates and graduates) showed strong student increases with EIU (+80.3%), SIUE (+17.9%) and SIUC (+13.9%) leading the way.

Table 8. Latino Enrollments and Year to Year (Headcount)

	F	all 2024-25		F	all 2025-26	5	Year to Year % Change			
	Undergrad	Grad	Total	Undergrad	Grad	Total	Undergrad	Grad	Total	
CSU	74	24	107	61	19	80	-17.6%	-20.8%	-25.2%	
EIU	660	<i>7</i> 1	714	1,213	74	1,287	83.8%	4.2%	80.3%	
GSU	506	211	709	500	219	<i>7</i> 19	-1.2%	3.8%	1.4%	
ISU	2,721	174	2,895	2,909	209	3,118	6.9%	20.1%	7.7%	
NEIU	2,142	624	2,788	2,01 <i>7</i>	533	2,550	-5.8%	-14.6%	-8.5%	
NIU	2,91 <i>7</i>	490	3,407	3,253	514	3,767	11.5%	4.9%	10.6%	
SIUC	855	182	1,020	936	226	1,162	9.5%	24.2%	13.9%	
SIUE	579	126	705	707	124	831	22.1%	-1.6%	17.9%	
UIC	8,023	1,679	9,702	8,844	1 <i>,777</i>	10,621	10.2%	5.8%	9.5%	
UIS	271	132	403	262	133	395	-3.3%	0.8%	-2.0%	
UIUC	5,266	1,513	6,779	5673	1 <i>597</i>	7,270	7.7%	5.6%	7.2%	
WIU	523	127	661	469	112	581	-10.3%	-11.8%	-12.1%	
Total	24,537	5,353	29,890	26,844	5,537	32,381	9.4%	3.4%	8.3%	

Enrollment of White Students As shown in Figure 4, overall, there was an increase of 1,496 white students enrolled in academic year 2025-26, representing a 1.9% gain. Undergraduate enrollment of white students increased by 2.1%, an increase of 1,181 students, while white graduate enrollment increased by 315 students (+1.5%).

2025-26 56,519 21,737 Total: 78,256 +1,496 or +1.9% Change +1,181 or +2.1% +315 or +1.5% 2024-25 55,338 Total: 76,760 21,422 -1,527 or -2.0% Change -1,310 or -2.3% - 217 or -1.0% 2023-24 56,648 Total: 78,287 21,639 -2,982 or -3.7% -1,806 or -7.7% Change -1,176 or -2.0% 57,824 2022-23 23,445 Total: 81,269 4,310 or -5.0% -2,299 or -3.8% -2,011 or -7.9% Change Total: 2021-22 60,123 25,456 85,579 70,000 80,000 10,000 20,000 30,000 40,000 50,000 60,000 90,000 ■ Undergraduate Total ■ Graduate and Professional

Figure 4. Headcount Enrollment of White Students at Illinois Public Universities

Enrollment of International Students As shown in Figure 5, overall enrollment of international students decreased by 1,918 to 22,283 students (-7.9%) in 2025-26. Undergraduate levels continued last year's increase with an increase of 3.0% (260 students).

However, enrollment of international graduate/professional students decreased by 14.1%, or 2,178 fewer graduate international students in fall of 2025-26.

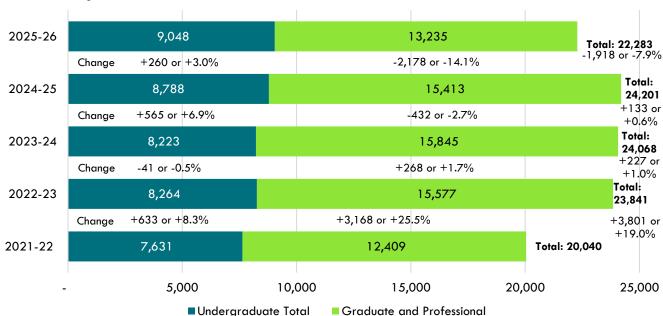


Figure 5. Headcount Enrollment of International Students at Illinois Public Universities

Fall to Fall Retention by Race/Ethnicity. As shown in Table 9, more than eight out of every 10 (82.7%) new freshmen at Illinois public universities who were enrolled in the fall of 2024-25 were still enrolled in the fall semester of 2025-26 (reported as 2025). This rate was close to that of the prior year, which was 81.3%. When retention rates were disaggregated by race/ethnicity, clear disparities emerged. Institutions retained African American undergraduates at 65.1%, which was 22.4 percentage points below the rate for white peers (87.5%). However, this gap narrowed by 3.0 percentage points from the previous year. Institutions retained Latino undergraduates (80.0%) at 7.5 percentage points below white undergraduates. After Asian undergraduates (93.0%), white students had the third-highest rate (87.5%) of retention among all groups. The drop in retention rates for American Indian / Alaska Native students represented the most significant equity concern, with a 12.7 percentage point decline (from 78.3% to 65.6%). As a side note, the increase for students who are Missing / Not Reported would make them the second highest retained 'group' with a jump of 9.7 percentage points. Since 2023, retention rates have increased overall by 2.4 percentage points. African American and Latino students have experienced the largest gains in retention, with increases of 5.9 and 4.7 percentage points respectively.

Table 9. Fall to Fall Retention by Race / Ethnicity at Illinois Public Universities

	2023	2024	2025	Annual Change
All	80.3%	81.3%	82.7%	1.4%
African American	59.2%	61.8%	65.1%	+3.3%
American Indian / Alaska Native	62.5%	78.3%	65.6%	-12.7 %
Asian	91.9%	93.3%	93.0%	-0.2%
Latino	75.3%	75.7%	80.0%	+4.3%
White	86.5%	87.2%	87.5%	+0.3%
2+ Races	80.5%	85.2%	83.6%	-1.6%
International Students	85.8%	85.4%	83.2%	- -2.2%
Missing / Not Reported	81.1%	80.9%	90.6%	+9.7%

Fall to Fall Retention by Institution. As shown in Figure 6, there was variation across the 12 Illinois public universities in retention of new freshmen from fall of academic year 2023-24 to fall of 2025-26 (reported as 2025). UIUC continued to have the highest retention rate at 95.4% followed by UIC at 82.5%. WIU had the lowest

rate at 59.7%, but NEIU experienced the largest positive change of 11.4 percentage points from the previous year.

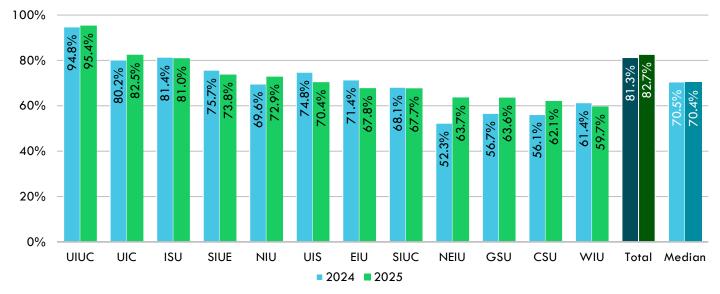


Figure 6. Fall to Fall Retention by Illinois Public University¹

Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity and Gender

African American: African American undergraduate enrollment increased by 10.5% at Illinois public universities, with males experiencing 11.2% growth and females 10.0% growth (See Table 10). Enrollment of African American freshmen increased by 12.0% year-over-year, with African American females and males both driving the growth (12.0% and 12.0%, respectively). Enrollment of African American transfer students increased dramatically by 21.5%, with both African American males and females demonstrating large increases of 34.1% and 13.9%, respectively.

Asian: Undergraduate enrollment of Asian students at Illinois public universities increased by 4.2%. Asian female students increased by 3.4% and Asian males increased by 4.9%. However, freshmen Asian students saw negative growth, with Asian males decreasing the numbers to -0.6% and a total decrease of -2.5%. New transfer students experienced an overall 2.1% surge, with Asian male transfer students (11.9%) boosting the total numbers.

Latino: Enrollment of Latino students increased across all enrollment types for both males and females (9.4%). Unlike the previous year, enrollment of freshmen Latinos increased by 14.3% in 2025-26. New Transfers of Latino females and males increased by 11.8% and 15.7%, respectively.

White: Enrollment of white students increased across nearly all enrollment types, with an increase in freshmen enrollment (2.8%), especially females (3.4%). Total new transfer white students increased by 1.0%.

International: International students demonstrated different numbers with an overall undergraduate enrollment of 3.0%. Total freshmen international students had 0.0% growth. Enrollment of international new transfer students decreased by 19.0%.

Professional/Graduates: Professional student enrollment grew between 3.4% and 8.5% for all racial/ethnic groups, except for white and international students. Enrollment of African American graduate students increased by 7.2%. Similarly, enrollment of Latino graduate students increased by 3.4%, as did enrollment of Asian graduate students with an 8.5% increase. Enrollment of white graduate students increased, and the gap is smaller in 2025-

¹ The decline in continuing student headcount and retention coincides with expanded transfer opportunities introduced by the NCAA's one-time transfer exception in April 2021.

26 (total: 1.5%) than in 2023-24 (-7.7%). Enrollment of international professional students decreased year-over-year 1.7% in the previous year to -14.1% in 2025-26.

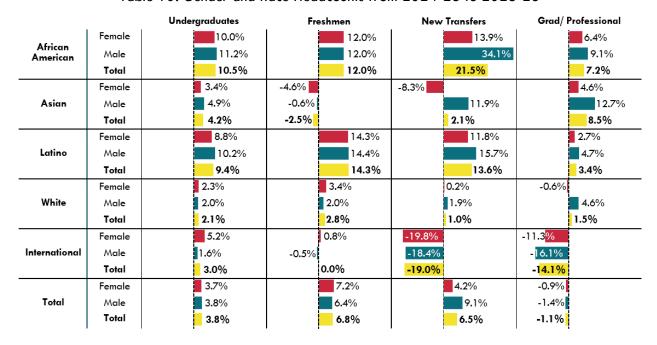


Table 10. Gender and Race Headcounts from 2024-25 to 2025-26

Conclusion. For Academic Year 2025-26, the data points to significant increases in creating and strengthening pathways for all Illinois students at public universities. Enrollment growth is not isolated to one or two flagships. Instead, eight of the twelve public universities reported growth in their undergraduate populations.

The robust 18.1% growth in dual credit enrollment and the 6.5% growth in new transfers demonstrate a healthy and expanding pipeline from K-12 and community colleges. The impressive 9.7% growth for African American students and 8.3% growth for Latino students – coupled with the measurable narrowing of the freshman retention gaps for both groups – signals meaningful progress toward the goals outlined in the A Thriving Illinois strategic plan.

Appendix: Methodology

The Illinois Board of Higher Education (IBHE) collects fall enrollment data with a standardized, statewide process involving the Illinois Higher Education Information System (IHEIS) and the annual IBHE Fall Enrollment Survey. All 12 public universities in Illinois participate in this process by reporting official student enrollments as measured on the 10th day of the fall semester, commonly referred to as the census date. The 10-day census count provides a consistent and comparable institutional snapshot for enrollment trends and is widely recognized and used as a benchmark both within Illinois and nationally. Data is submitted for every student enrolled for credit, including undergraduates, graduates, dual credit participants, transfers, and non-degree students. IBHE specifies that participating universities must include students regardless of modality (in-person or online), degree-seeking status, or program level.

The IHEIS system, administered by IBHE as part of Illinois' Longitudinal Data System (ILDS), forms the core of data collection for degree-granting postsecondary institutions. Each institution designates a Research Analyst responsible for secure, timely, and accurate submissions. Data are collected three times per year (fall, spring, summer), with the fall submission being the official census used for annual reporting. These data undergo validation and error-checking prior to final confirmation by IBHE staff. Institutions submit detailed student-unit records following strict data specifications, including race/ethnicity, residency, program, and unique identifiers, per Public Act 096-1249 and related statutes. The IHEIS process is designed to align with federal data standards (IPEDS) and allow for

detailed disaggregation and longitudinal Illinois public higher education.	research	on enrollment,	completion,	and	student	movement	patterns i